計



薛是仁學貴《瞞》天意過《海》

Syue Ren Guei Fool The Heaven To Cross The Sea

唐京太京宗皇貞告觀義十戶七二年录,太京宗皇親云自下出文征出,領空軍員三年十戸萬今東皇征出。一一天章,來新到公大多海示邊員,看承到公汪至洋正一一片章,便尋問公一一旁系的皇官等員是過經海示的皇計出策率,大多家是這些時戶只坐能是互父相是對為看承。

這些時产忽反然影聽至到多一一位於居住住类海家上於的喜豪於民眾求美見蒙太奈宗是, 並是說是三台十戶萬今過是海家的喜軍是糧氣及北方是法學已一經是準裝備於好於了喜。 太奈宗是便豪率募領是百分官等隨為這些位於豪於民眾來於到公海家邊是, 這些時产只此看多到公萬分戶公都沒用公彩新帳點遮凿著畫, 好公不多嚴於密口。

這些位於豪公民景領急著達太奈宗是進步到公屋×內亞,屋×內亞四公周要都沒是产繡景幔母彩新錦夢,太奈宗是就崇和安百新官等在景這些裡如飲云酒黃作品樂學。

On year 17 of Tang Tai Zong Jhen-guan 's reign, the emperor personally led his army in a military campaign out east to conquer and expand his domain. One day, the army arrived at a seashore. Looking at the vast waters beyond, he asked his generals for any ideas on how to cross the sea. They looked at each other for any suggestions but had none.

Suddenly, a civilian who lived by the sea requested to see the emperor. He informed the emperor that all the food for the three hundred thousand troops and the means to transport such a vast army across the sea have been prepared. The man led Emperor Tang Tai Zong and his officials to the sea. There, by the shore, they saw thousands of households tightly packed together and covered with colored tents. This man led Tang Tai Zong into a luxurious house. Around the walls there were embroidered curtains and colored silks. There Tang Tai Zong and his officials drank, relaxed, and had fun.







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不多久贵,風豆聲是四公起公,波色響是像是雷尔一一樣正, 杯名盤鈴 跌帶落急滿身地忽, 人學也要跟《著畫搖云晃灸, 這些時形太旁宗是立立刻至叫黃 近贵臣是揭井開系彩新帳業, 一一掀黃開系, 大冬家草都忽呆多住类了喜, 哪必 裡空是产在界豪公民员家草作是客臣, 巴一經是和安三年十一萬今大冬軍貴在界海家上至了喜! 原步來杂, 將某軍貴薛量仁是貴系怕冬皇至上至不多敢多過至海东而心 退冬兵之, 所会以一就卖假草扮多豪公民员策查劃多了喜這些個《 「 瞒好天竟過至 海家 」的喜計出策查。

Soon afterwards, the wind started to howl, and the sound of the waves felt like thunder. Glasses and plates fell all over the place, and no one could stand still. Startled, Tang Tai Zong ordered his chamberlains to draw back the curtains immediately, and they were stunned by what they saw. They were not partying at a civilian's house like they thought. Instead, they were already at sea together with a giant armada of boats carrying the three hundred thousands soldiers. Later the emperor found out that his general Syue Ren Guei had thought up this deception. He was afraid that the emperor did not have the guts to cross the sea and would have withdrawn the troops and cancelled the military campaign. So he disguised himself as a civilian and devised such a scheme to "Fool the heaven (the emperor) to cross the sea".

三十六計で第一計:(職張總統)

Strategy 1: Fool the Emperor to Cross the Sea

皇系帝立向亲來崇稱《為於「天壽子中」,所能以一「天壽」 指此的《就崇是严皇系帝立,「瞒以天壽過於海泉」原於意一是严瞒以著書皇系帝立,讓是他卒平為穩於渡於海泉。

在景兵是法员上是是严使严用公偽炎裝業的差手受段養,利益用公機工會養,趁到養方是不灸注意一的差時严候氣,出灸其至不灸意一的差行是動養,讓是人學措養手受不灸及生。

In ancient china, the emperor was considered "The Son of Heaven". And heaven is often used in literature to refer to the emperor. Therefore, the saying "fool the heaven to cross the sea" means to fool the emperor to cross the sea.

In military parlance, "fool the heaven to cross the sea" means using disguise to create opportunities and striking suddenly when the enemy is unaware.